



### **Enabling**

# Behaviour Change

# to promote walking and cycling

Chandigarh 20th De<u>cember 2022</u>

#### Many people in our cities are open to cycling



#### But are stuck in the middle of the eternal argument!

If we build cycle tracks, more cycling!





If more people start cycling, let's build cycle tracks!





While cities are stuck in this argument, more people are deciding every day to get their own cars and motorcycles!

But...

Many cities have built cycling infrastructure!



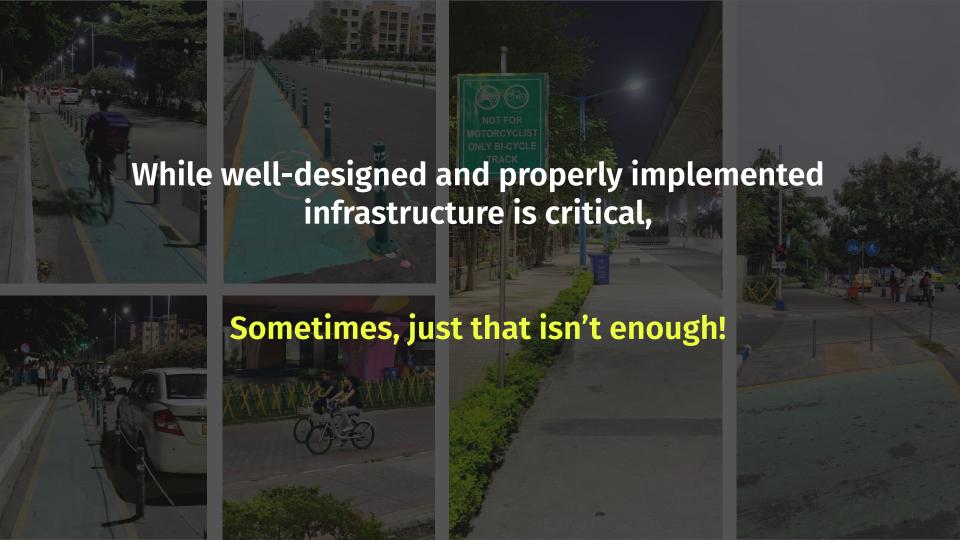












Awareness building and changing knowledge, attitudes, and beliefs are important.

#### **BUT**

They may not be enough to create a change in behaviour.

walk and cycle?

So, how do we get more people to

# By tapping into Behavioural Insights!

#### WHAT is the Behavioural Insights approach?

The **Behavioural Insights** approach uses **evidence** of the **drivers of behaviour** to address practical issues.

#### **WHAT drives behaviour?**

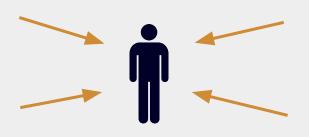


What is the accepted or "normal" behaviour

#### **WHAT drives behaviour?**



Our biases, attitudes, beliefs, and automatic reactions shape our actions and behaviour



#### **External Factors**

Physical / Institutional Environments

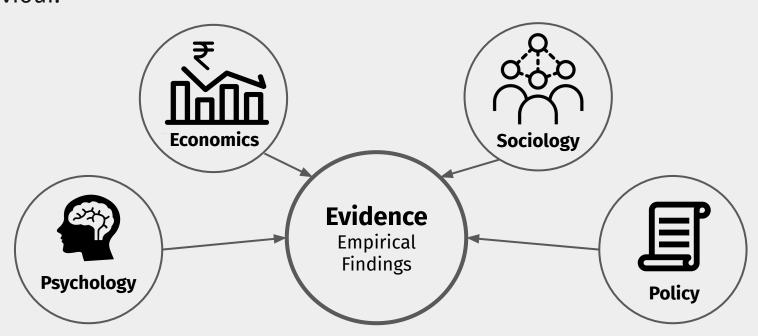
Systems, policies, &

processes
impact our decisions by
making some actions
easier or more beneficial
than others.

Social Norms & Networks

The community around us and our interpersonal relations with friends, family, and peers defines what we consider normal and desirable behaviour

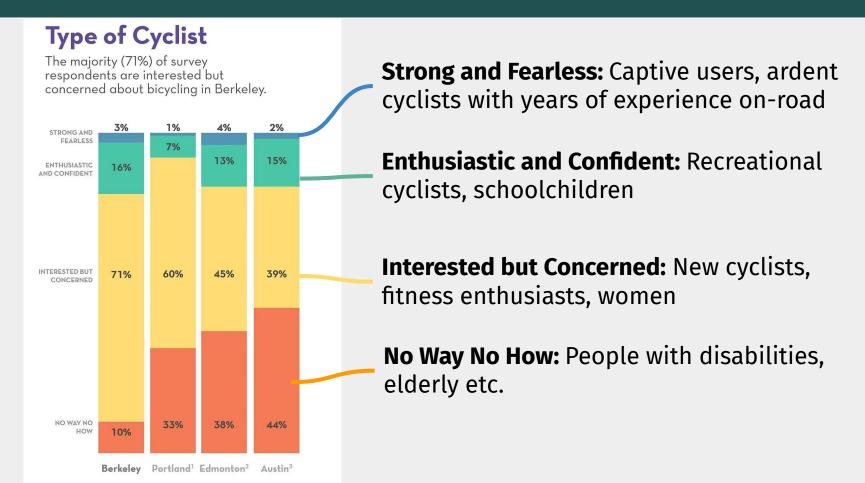
Let's look at an example of a widespread behaviour change that we might all be familiar with—**SMOKING**. In the last decade, it has been addressed with **evidence-based interventions addressing different aspects** of changing behaviour.



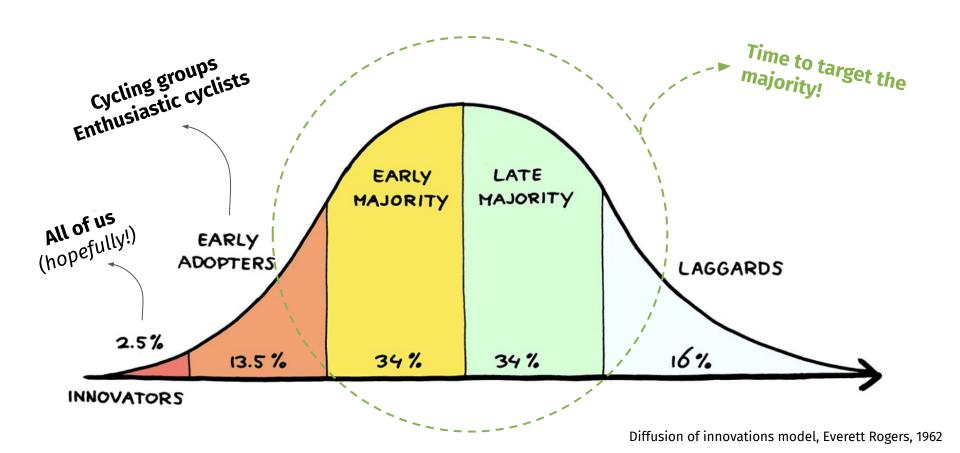
#### Let's take a look at our own example — *Cycle2Work*



#### First, let's understand - WHO are we targeting?



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Environment Design

## Changes to the environment in which decisions are made

E.g. Building cycle tracks, providing safe and free cycle parking, providing shower facilities



Environment Design

Process Design

To make the process of decision making easier to consume to nudge change E.g. A team within companies to help guide new people choose right cycles, etc



**Environment Design** 

Process Design

Change the law, policies etc.

E.g. Cycling Action Plan for the city/corridor, Healthy Streets Policy etc. System / Rule Change





Environment Design

To provide benefits to create the nudge.

E.g. Extra vacation days per month, gifts vouchers, high parking fees for cars etc.

Incentives/
Disincentives

System / Rule Change

Process Design

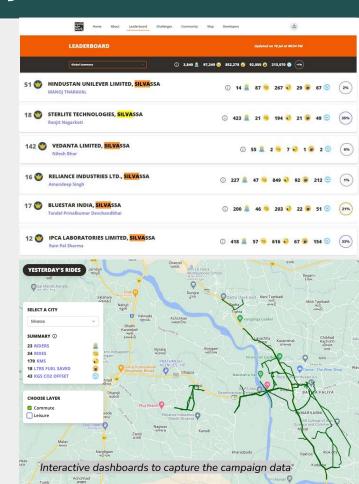


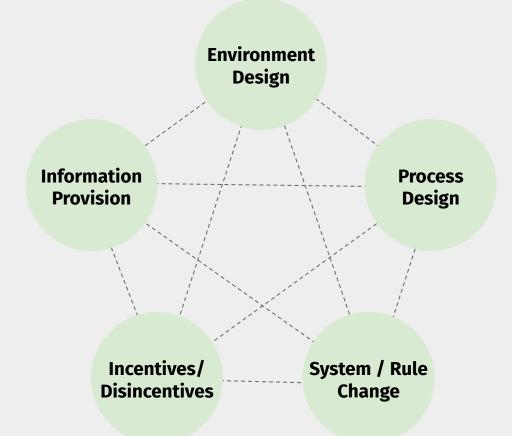
Packaging information such that the key message nudges change. Route options (Fastest, Shortest, Safest, Well-Shaded, etc.)

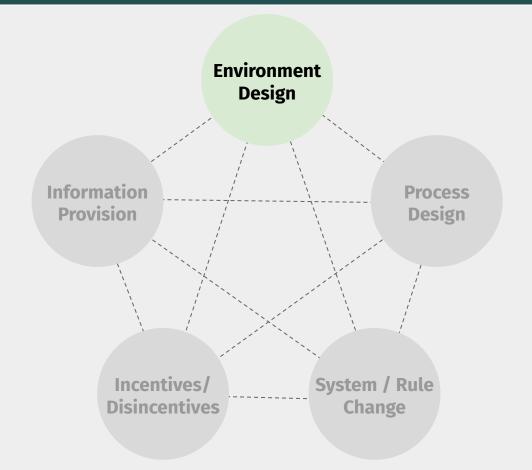
Environment Design

Information Provision Process Design

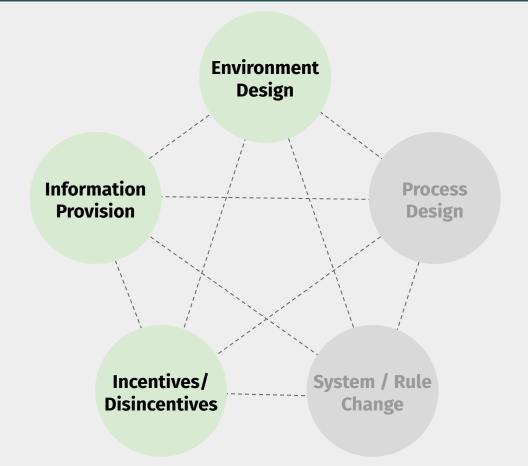
Incentives/ Disincentives System / Rule Change



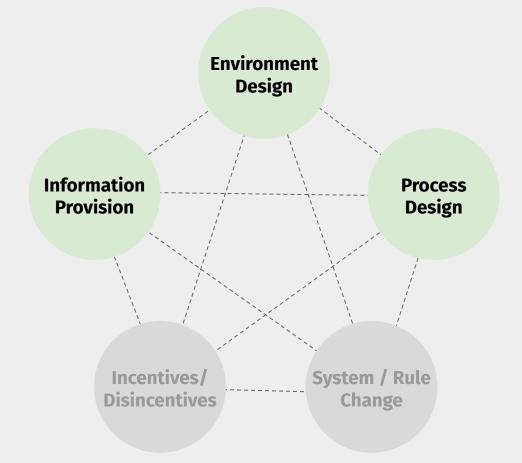




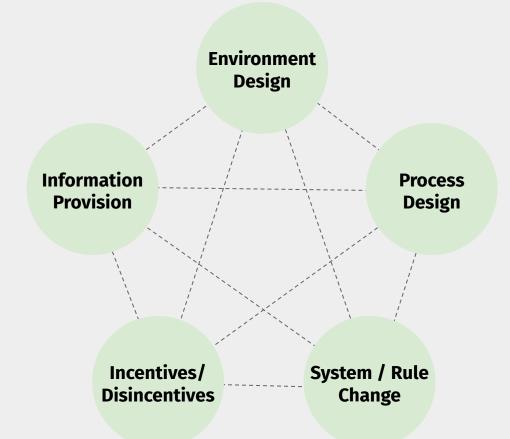
Interventions could be designed just focussed on any one of these strategies.



Or interventions can be designed with multiple strategies working together.



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Ideally, different combinations of these strategies should be tested with different groups, and their effectiveness measured to identify the combinations most effective in changing behaviour.

#### **HOW to develop a Behaviour Change intervention?**

**TEST** 

**LEARN** 

**SCALE** 

Identify a target behaviour and a MEASURABLE behavioural outcome

**Understand the context -** barriers and enablers for the desired behaviour

**Design and test an intervention** to encourage target behaviour

Track the intervention and collect data on the impact of interventions

**Evaluate WHETHER, and BY HOW MUCH** the intervention encourages target behaviour

Develop a strategy to scale up EFFECTIVE interventions



EASY

Making interventions which require as minimal effort as possible.

E.g. making the desired behaviour the default option

**EASY** 

**TIMELY** 

Interventions should be rolled out when individuals are most receptive to them, which typically occurs with significant changes or life events.

E.g. moving to a new city, starting a new job etc.

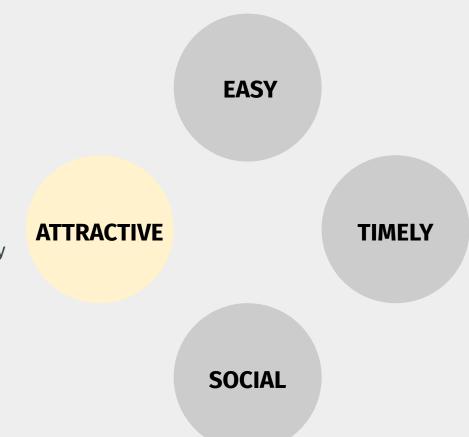
**EASY** TIMELY SOCIAL

Interventions should People are highly influenced by the thoughts, approval, and behavior of others.

E.g. convincing people that majority of others engage in the preferred behavior, encouraging communities to hold individuals accountable

Interventions should make the desired behaviour attractive.

E.g. incentives such as financial rewards, lottery systems, or "gamifying" activities to make them more enjoyable.





Cycle2Work is just one example.

So, WHERE do we go from here?

# We can leverage the power of Behaviour Insights to enable other desirable transport behaviour as well!

Increasing the number of children cycling to school (Cycle2School campaign)

Increasing ridership of buses (Bus2Work campaign)

**Reducing car use for short trips** 

## Thank you!



http://bit.ly/c4conline



https://bit.ly/s4ponline

#### A programme of









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